

Code No. : 1106S

## VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonomous), HYDERABAD <br> B.E. I Year I - Semester (Supplementary) Examinations, July/Aug - 2015

## Engineering Mechanics - I

Max. Marks: 70
Time: $\mathbf{3}$ hours
Note: Answer AlL questions in Part-A and any FIVE questions from Part-B

## Part-A (10 X 2=20 Marks)

1. Compute the unit vector $\hat{\mathbf{n}}_{\mathrm{AB}}$ along the line directed from $\mathrm{A}(5,-1,4)$ to $\mathrm{B}(17,3,7)$
2. Explain cone of friction and its significance.
3. State the conditions of equilibrium of a general case of system in a plane?
4. Two forces of magnitude 50 kN and 80 kN are acting on a particle, such that the angle between the two is $135^{\circ}$. If both the forces are acting away from the particle, calculate the resultant and
m find its direction.
5. Compute the polar moment of inertia of a hollow circular section of external diameter ' $\mathbf{D}$; and internal diameter ' $d$ '.
6. Describe the essential properties of couples.
7. State Coulomb's laws of dry friction.
8. Define radius of gyration with respect to $x$-axis of an area.
9. Define the following terms: (a) Coplanar forces (b) Concurrent forces.
10. Explain different types of supports with neat sketches.

Part-B (Marks: $5 \times 10=50$ )
11. A vertical load of 1500 N is supported by an assemblage of 3 bars as shown in the Figure 1 below. Find the force in each bar.


Contd ..2..
12. a) Determine the magnitude and direction of the smallest force $P$ required to start the wheel over the block of height $h=150 \mathrm{~mm}$ as shown in Figure 2. The self-weight and radius of the wheel is $\mathrm{W}=20 \mathrm{kN}$, and 700 mm respectively.


Figure 2
b) A force P of magnitude 250 N acts at a point $\mathrm{A}(2,3)$, oriented right-up with an inclination of 30 degrees to the positive direction of x -axis. Compute the moment of force P at the points $\mathrm{B}(-2,5)$ and $\mathrm{C}(-1,-3)$.
213. Consider the system shown in Figure 3. If $\emptyset=70$ degrees and $\mu=0.25$ at all surfaces of contact and it is required to slide the wedge (A) in the downward direction, compute the weight $W$ of block $A$ if it is required to slide $B$.


Figure 3
14. A truss is subjected to loading as shown in Figure 4. Compute the forces in the members of the truss using method of joints.


Figure 4
15. a) Evaluate the perpendicular distance of a point $(2,-3,4)$ from the line joining the points $(-1,2,3)$ and $(-4,3,5)$.
b) Compute the following in the cantilever framework shown in the Figure 5, given that the force multiplier of a force P acting from A to E is $\mathrm{Pm}=50 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}$ :
i) Component of P along BD
ii)Moment of $P$ about $D$.
iii)Angle between the lines AE and BD

16. C8mpute the area moment of inertia about the centroidal axes parallel to the base of the "Composite area shown in Figure 6.


Figure 6
17. a) Locate the centre of gravity of the area shown in Figure 7(a)
b) Compute the volume generated by rotating the shaded area shown in Figure 7(b) about the x -axis.


Figure 7(a)


Figure 7(b)

